Iterators

Announcements

Iterators

Iterators

A container can provide an iterator that provides access to its elements in order

next(iterator): Return the next element in an iterator

```
>>> s = [3, 4, 5]
>>> t = iter(s)
>>> next(t)
3
>>> next(t)
4
>>> u = iter(s)
>>> next(u)
3
>>> next(u)
5
>>> next(u)
4
```

Dictionary Iteration

Views of a Dictionary

An *iterable* value is any value that can be passed to **iter** to produce an iterator An *iterator* is returned from **iter** and can be passed to **next**; all iterators are mutable A dictionary, its keys, its values, and its items are all iterable values • The order of items in a dictionary is the order in which they were added (Python 3.6+)

• Historically, items appeared in an arbitrary order (Python 3.5 and earlier)

```
>>> d = {'one': 1, 'two': 2, 'three': 3}
>>> d['zero'] = 0
>>> k = iter(d.keys()) # or iter(d)
                                             >>> v = iter(d.values())
                                                                               >>> i = iter(d.items())
>>> next(k)
                                             >>> next(v)
                                                                               >>> next(i)
'one'
                                                                               ('one', 1)
                                             1
>>> next(k)
                                             >>> next(v)
                                                                               >>> next(i)
'two'
                                             2
                                                                               ('two', 2)
>>> next(k)
                                             >>> next(v)
                                                                               >>> next(i)
'three'
                                                                               ('three', 3)
                                             3
>>> next(k)
                                             >>> next(v)
                                                                               >>> next(i)
'zero'
                                                                               ('zero', 0)
                                             0
```

For Statements

Built-In Iterator Functions

Built-in Functions for Iteration

Many built-in Python sequence operations return iterators that compute results lazily	
<pre>map(func, iterable):</pre>	<pre>Iterate over func(x) for x in iterable</pre>
<pre>filter(func, iterable):</pre>	Iterate over x in iterable if func(x)
<pre>zip(first_iter, second_iter):</pre>	Iterate over co-indexed (x, y) pairs
reversed(sequence):	Iterate over x in a sequence in reverse order
To view the contents of an iterator, place the resulting elements into a container	
list(iterable):	Create a list containing all x in iterable
<pre>tuple(iterable):</pre>	Create a tuple containing all x in iterable
<pre>sorted(iterable):</pre>	Create a sorted list containing x in iterable
	(Demo)

Generators

Generators and Generator Functions

```
>>> def plus_minus(x):
... yield x
... yield -x
>>> t = plus_minus(3)
>>> next(t)
3
>>> next(t)
-3
>>> t
<generator object plus_minus ...>
```

A generator function is a function that **yield**s values instead of **return**ing them A normal function **return**s once; a generator function can **yield** multiple times A generator is an iterator created automatically by calling a generator function When a generator function is called, it returns a generator that iterates over its yields

Generators & Iterators

Generators can Yield from Iterators

A yield from statement yields all values from an iterator or iterable (Python 3.3)

```
>>> list(a_then_b([3, 4], [5, 6]))
    [3, 4, 5, 6]
def a_then_b(a, b): def a_then_b(a, b):
   for x in a:
                              yield from a
       yield x
                              yield from b
   for x in b:
       yield x
          >>> list(countdown(5))
          [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
     def countdown(k):
         if k > 0:
            yield k
             yield from countdown(k-1)
                  (Demo)
```

13